Summary of Cancer Incidence and Mortality for Zip Code 29680 (Simpsonville, SC)

Cancer Incidence in Zip Code 29680

The first step in the analysis of cancer data for zip code 29680 was to look at the number of new cancer cases diagnosed in the zip code and compare this to the number of cancer cases expected (see Table 1). This first step determines if there is anything unusual with cancer patterns in the area. The number of "expected" cancer cases is calculated by using South Carolina cancer rates and applying them to the population of the zip code.

Table 1 shows what types of cancer occurred in zip code 29680 from 1996-2000, and how many cancer cases were expected. Overall, there were fewer cases of cancer than expected. A total of 205 new cases of cancer occurred in the zip code, while 270 cases were expected. The most common types of cancer were lung, female breast, prostate, and colon/rectum cancers. These types of cancer are also the most common cancers occurring across all of South Carolina.

The analysis did not reveal any specific types of cancer where the number of cases was significantly higher than expected.

Looking specifically at thyroid cancer, we see that fewer cases occurred than expected. A total of 3 thyroid cancers were diagnosed from 1996-2000. Approximately 5 cases of thyroid cancer were expected to occur during this time period.

Cancer Deaths in Zip Code 29680

To assess cancer deaths in this zip code, cancer mortality data from 1997-2001 were used. The same process used to analyze new cancer cases was also used to analyze cancer deaths. Table 2 shows the number of cancer deaths that occurred and the number expected in the zip code. A total of 78 cancer deaths occurred in this zip code, while 110 deaths were expected. Therefore, there were fewer cancer deaths than expected.

The analysis did not reveal any specific types of cancer where the number of deaths was significantly higher than expected.

There was one thyroid cancer death in zipcode 29680 from years 1997-2001.

Conclusions

To summarize, fewer cancer cases and deaths occurred in zip code 29680 than expected. There were no specific cancer sites that were significantly elevated in cases or deaths.

In order for a true cancer cluster to exist, the number of cancers occurring must be more than would be expected by chance. Along with statistical testing, there are several other criteria that determine whether a true cancer cluster exists. First, a cancer cluster would more likely involve rarer types of cancer rather than more common cancers like lung or breast cancers. Also, a cancer cluster would occur with one specific type of cancer rather than having excesses in several different types of cancer.

Taking all these criteria into consideration, there is no evidence of cancer clustering or of an excess of cancers resulting from environmental exposures in zip code 29680.

For questions about this report, please contact Laura Sanders at the SC Central Cancer Registry.

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Information on cancer incidence provided by the SC Central Cancer Registry, Office of Public Health Statistics and Information Services, SC Dept. of Health and Environmental Control.

Information on cancer mortality provided by the Division of Vital Records and the Division of Biostatistics, SC Dept. of Health and Environmental Control.

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Table 1. Analysis of New Cancer Cases in Zip Code 29680, 1996-2000

| <u>Site</u> | Observed No. of Cases | Expected No. of Cases | Observed/Expected | Chi-SquareTest* |
|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Lung/Bronchus | 34 | 38.6 | 0.88 | 0.56 |
| Breast (Female) | 32 | 42.8 | 0.75 | 2.74 |
| Prostate | 32 | 39.6 | 0.81 | 1.47 |
| Colon/Rectum | 25 | 28.0 | 0.89 | 0.33 |
| Melanoma | 11 | 12.2 | 0.90 | 0.12 |
| Bladder | 8 | 9.0 | 0.89 | 0.10 |
| Kidney/Renal Pelvis | 8 | 7.2 | 1.11 | 0.09 |
| Ovary | 6 | 4.6 | 1.29 | 0.40 |
| Brain/CNS | 4 | 4.7 | 0.86 | 0.09 |
| Oral/Pharynx | 4 | 8.6 | 0.46 | 2.49 |
| Pancreas | 4 | 5.2 | 0.77 | 0.28 |
| Uterus | 4 | 6.3 | 0.64 | 0.83 |
| Leukemia | 3 | 5.6 | 0.54 | 1.19 |
| Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma | 3 | 9.1 | 0.33 | 4.11 |
| Thyroid | 3 | 4.5 | 0.67 | 0.48 |
| Cervix | 1 | 5.3 | 0.19 | 3.52 |
| Unknown/III-Defined | 5 | NA | NA | NA |
| All Sites | 205 | 270.4 | 0.76 | 15.81 |

Excludes in situ cases of cancer to allow for comparison.

Cancer sites with less than 5 cases of cancer expected are not analyzed due to the unreliability of statistical tests based on small numbers.

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Table 2. Analysis of Cancer Deaths in Zip Code 29680, 1997-2001

| <u>Site</u> | Observed No. of Deaths | Expected No. of Deaths | Observed/Expected | Chi-SquareTest* |
|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Lung/Bronchus | 25 | 32.1 | 0.78 | 1.56 |
| Colon/Rectum | 8 | 10.3 | 0.77 | 0.52 |
| Breast (Female) | 7 | 8.9 | 0.79 | 0.39 |
| Prostate | 3 | 5.4 | 0.55 | 1.09 |
| Pancreas | 2 | 5.7 | 0.35 | 2.39 |
| Unknown/III-Defined | 5 | NA | NA | NA |
| All Sites | 78 | 109.8 | 0.71 | 9.22 |

Cancer sites with less than 5 cancer deaths expected are not analyzed due to the unreliability of statistical tests based on small numbers.

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^{*}The Chi-square statistical test allows us to determine if the difference between what is observed and what is expected is significant. If the value is greater than 3.84, then we are 95% confident that the observed number of cases is significantly different from the expected number of cases.

^{*}The Chi-square statistical test allows us to determine if the difference between what is observed and what is expected is significant. If the value is greater than 3.84, then we are 95% confident that the observed number of deaths is significantly different from the expected number of deaths.